SAFETY DATA SHEET



MC-30884 PRE-MIX

Section 1. Identification

Product name : MC-30884 PRE-MIX

Product description : Metal-organic framework (MOF)

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Research & Development

Uses advised against : This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other

than the identified uses above.

Supplier : ExxonMobil Catalysts and Licensing LLC

22777 Springwoods Village Parkway

Spring, TX 77389 USA

24-Hour emergency telephone number

: 1-800-424-9300 / +1 703-741-5970 / +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

Product Technical

Information

: 832-624-8500

SDS Internet Address : www.sds.exxonmobil.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the

: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

substance or mixture SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: P260 - Do not breathe dust.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

Response : P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P310, P361, P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

shower.

P304 + P310. P340 - IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P310, P351, P338 - IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements

elements Contains

- : Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.
- : ZIRCONIUM DICHLORIDE OXIDE OCTAHYDRATE and HAFNIUM DICHLORIDE OXIDE OCTAHYDRATE

Hazards not otherwise classified

Note

- : None known.
- : This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% by weight	Identifiers
ZIRCONIUM DICHLORIDE OXIDE OCTAHYDRATE	≥65 - ≤75	CAS: 13520-92-8
HAFNIUM DICHLORIDE OXIDE OCTAHYDRATE	≤5	CAS: 14456-34-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Call a poison center or physician.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous combustion

products

: This material is harmful to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

: Oxides of carbon

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Assure an extended cooling down period to prevent re-ignition. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Skim from surface. Warn other shipping. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Static Accumulator

: This material is a static accumulator.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ZIRCONIUM DICHLORIDE OXIDE OCTAHYDRATE	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [zirconium compounds] TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m³ (as Zr). STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³ (as Zr). CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [zirconium compounds] STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³ (as Zr). TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³ (as Zr). OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Zirconium compounds] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³ (as Zr). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) [Zirconium compounds (as Zr)] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³ (as Zr). STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³ (as Zr). ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Zirconium and compounds] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³ (as Zr). STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³ (as Zr). STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³ (as Zr).
dimethyl terephthalate	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022) TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Total.
HAFNIUM DICHLORIDE OXIDE OCTAHYDRATE	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [hafnium] TWA 10 hours: 0.5 mg/m³. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Hafnium and compounds] TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³ (measured as hafnium).

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Solid.

: White to Off-White Color

Odor Odorless **Odor threshold** : Not available. : Not applicable. pН Melting point/freezing point : Not available. **Boiling point or initial** : Not applicable.

Flammability

boiling point and boiling range Flash point

: Not applicable. : Not available. **Evaporation rate** Ignitable

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Not applicable.

: Not applicable. Vapor pressure : Not applicable. Relative vapor density

Relative density

: Negligible Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-Not applicable. octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **Viscosity** : Not applicable.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials : Strong Acids, Strong Bases, Strong oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

Inhalation : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the

components.

Dermal : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the

components.

Oral : Minimally Toxic. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the

components.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Corrosive to eyes and skin. May cause permanent damage. No end point data for

material. Based on assessment of the components.

Eyes : Severely irritating, and may seriously damage eye tissue. No end point data for material.

Based on assessment of the components.

Respiratory: May be irritating to the respiratory tract. The effects are irreversible. No end point data

for material. Based on assessment of the components.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. No end point data for material. Based on

assessment of the components.

Respiratory: Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. No end point data for material.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. No end point data for material. Based on

assessment of the components.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not expected to cause cancer. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of

the components.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. No end point data for material. Based on

assessment of the components.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. No end point data for

material.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Target organs
MC-30884 PRE-MIX	Not applicable.	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. No end point data for material. Based on assessment of the components.

Aspiration hazard

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physico-chemical properties of the

material. No end point data for material.

Other information

Product : The toxicological properties of this material have not been fully assessed. This material must be used by or under the supervision of a technically qualified person.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

Acute toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life.

Chronic toxicity: Not expected to demonstrate chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability

Not determined.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not determined.

Mobility in soil

Not determined.

Other ecological information

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Section 14. Transport information

<u> </u>				
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1759	UN1759	UN1759	UN1759
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive solids, n.o.s. (ZIRCONIUM DICHLORIDE OXIDE OCTAHYDRATE)	CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S. (ZIRCONIUM DICHLORIDE OXIDE OCTAHYDRATE)	CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S. (ZIRCONIUM DICHLORIDE OXIDE OCTAHYDRATE)	Corrosive solid, n.o.s. (ZIRCONIUM DICHLORIDE OXIDE OCTAHYDRATE)
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8
Label(s) / Marks	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S			
Packing group	II	II	II	II

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Section 14. Transport information

Environmental No. No. hazards

Additional information

DOT Classification : Limited quantity Yes.

> Packaging instruction Exceptions: 154. Non-bulk: 212. Bulk: 240. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 15 kg. Cargo aircraft: 50 kg.

Special provisions 128, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP33

TDG Classification : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 15

Special provisions 16

IMDG : Emergency schedules F-A. S-B

Special provisions 274

IATA : Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 15 kg. Packaging instructions: 859.

Cargo Aircraft Only: 50 kg. Packaging instructions: 863. Limited Quantities - Passenger

Aircraft: 5 kg. Packaging instructions: Y844.

Special provisions A3, A803

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: dimethyl terephthalate

TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

Not applicable.

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

SARA 302/304

: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS Classification

> SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

SARA 313

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Section 15. Regulatory information

This material contains no chemicals subject to the supplier notification requirements of the SARA 313 Toxic Release Program.

State regulations

Massachusetts: None of the components are listed.New York: None of the components are listed.New Jersey: None of the components are listed.Pennsylvania: None of the components are listed.Illinois: None of the components are listed.

Inventory list

Australia inventory (AIIC) : Not determined.

Canada inventory (DSL-NDSL) : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components

are listed in NDSL.

: All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) : Not determined.

Japan inventory (CSCL) : Not determined.

Japan inventory (Industrial Safety and : Not determined.

Health Act)

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals : Not determined.

(NZIoC)

Philippines inventory (PICCS) : Not determined.

Korea inventory (KECI) : All components are listed or exempted.

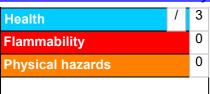
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory

(TCSI)

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B	Expert judgment Calculation method Calculation method

New Jersey Right to Know Disclosure

MC-30884 PRE-MIX

Section 16. Other information

Name	CAS#
dimethyl terephthalate	13520-92-8 120-61-6 14456-34-9

History

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 24 July 2024

Date of previous issue

: 13 July 2023

Version

: 1.01

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References

: Not available.

VIndicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Product code : 1290082

Notice to reader

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